

# A Functional Field Calculator

Presented by Carrie Landgraf, GISP



# Overview

- Introduction
- Review of Field Calculator
- Math Functions
  - Round
- Date Fields
- Text Field Functions
  - Character Case
  - Concatenate
  - Left, Right, Mid
  - Split
  - Replace
  - Combining Functions

# Who Am I

- **Carrie Landgraf, GISP**
  - 16+ years working with GIS professionally
  - Former Authorized Esri Instructor
  - GIS Manager at Garver
  
- The Field Calculator can still be my nemesis



# Types of Calculations

- **Scripting Language (Parser)**
  - Python
  - VBScript
- **Field Data Types**
  - Number
  - Date
  - Text

# Field Calculator

Field Calculator

Parser  
 VB Script  Python

Fields:  
OBJECTID  
Shape  
AREA\_  
PERIMETER  
PARCELS\_  
PARCELS\_ID  
PARCELS  
PIN  
area

Type:  
 Number  
 String  
 Date

Functions:  
Abs ( )  
Atn ( )  
Cos ( )  
Exp ( )  
Fix ( )  
Int ( )  
Log ( )  
Sin ( )  
Sqr ( )  
Tan ( )

Show Codeblock

PARCELS\_ =

[About calculating fields](#)

Clear Load... Save... OK Cancel

Type:  
 Number  
 String  
 Date

Functions:  
Chr ( )  
InStr ( )  
LCase ( )  
Left ( )  
Len ( )  
LTrim ( )  
Mid ( )  
Replace ( )  
Right ( )  
RTrim ( )  
Space ( )  
String ( )

Type:  
 Number  
 String  
 Date

Functions:  
Date ( )  
DateAdd ( )  
DateDiff ( )  
DatePart ( )  
Now ( )

# Mathematical Examples

- From Esri Help topic “Calculate Field examples”

Operator	Explanation	Example	Result
$x + y$	x plus y	1.5 + 2.5	4.0
$x - y$	x minus y	3.3 - 2.2	1.1
$x * y$	x times y	2.0 * 2.2	4.4
$x / y$	x divided by y	4.0 / 1.25	3.2
$x // y$	x divided by y ( <i>floor division</i> )	4.0 / 1.25	3.0
$x \% y$	x modulo y	8 % 3	2
-x	negative expression of x	x = 5 -x	-5
+x	x is unchanged	x = 5 +x	5
$x ** y$	x raised to the power of y	2 ** 3	8

# Round Function

- Round a numeric value to the specified precision
- **ROUND([FIELD\_NAME], PRECISION)**
  - 0 Precision means no decimal places

# Round Function

Usage
765.432
89.567

## ROUND TO WHOLE #

`ROUND([Usage], 0)`

Result:

765

90

## ROUND TO 1 DECIMAL

`ROUND([Usage], 1)`

Result:

765.4

89.6



# Date Fields

- Dates are stored differently depending on the data type
- Shapefile or Coverage:  
yyyy-mm-dd
- Geodatabase  
yyyy-mm-dd hh:mm:ss AM or PM

# Calculate Date

- How do you calculate a date field?
  - Use #

**#9/20/2016#**

**Result:**

**9/20/2016**

# Case

- Convert characters in a text field to upper case or lower case
- UCASE([FIELD\_NAME])
- LCASE([FIELD\_NAME])

# Case

First\_Name

Jane

## UPPER CASE

UCASE([First\_Name])

Result:

**JANE**

## LOWER CASE

LCASE([First\_Name])

Result:

**jane**

# Merge Field Values (Concatenate)

- Combine multiple fields into a single TEXT field
  - Use &
  - Use beginning and ending “ to add other text, including spaces

ADDRESS	CITY	STATE	ZIP
123 Main St	Happyville	OK	98765

[Address] & [CITY] & [STATE] & [ZIP] & “ “ [ZIP]

**Result:**

**123 Main St, Happyville OK 98765**

# Left, Right, Mid Functions

- Extract portions of a text field based on counting characters in the expression
- LEFT([FIELD\_NAME], COUNT)
- RIGHT([FIELD\_NAME], COUNT)
- MID([FIELD\_NAME], START COUNT, COUNT)

# Left Function

- How do you get from:

**Full\_Address**

123 Main St, Happyville, OK, 98765

to:

**Address**

123 Main St

**LEFT([Full\_Address], 11)**

**Result:**

**123 Main St**

# Right Function

- How do you get from:

**Full\_Address**

123 Main St, Happyville, OK, 98765

to:

**Zip\_Code**

98765

**Right([Full\_Address], 5)**

**Result:**

**98765**



# Mid Function

- How do you get from:

**Full\_Address**

123 Main St, Happyville, OK, 98765

to:

**City**

Happyville

`Mid([Full_Address], 14, 10)`

**Result:**

**Happyville**

# Split Function

- Extract portions of a text field based on specified character(s)
- How do you get from:

Full_Name
Smith, Todd

to:

First_Name	Last_Name
Todd	Smith

# Split Function

- SPLIT ([FIELD\_NAME], "VALUE")(COUNT)

Full_Name
Smith, Todd

## EXTRACT FIRST NAME

SPLIT([Full\_Name], ",", "")(1)

Result:

Todd

## EXTRACT LAST NAME

SPLIT([Full\_Name], ",", "")(0)

Result:

Smith

# Split Function

- What if you just need the Zip Code?

**Address**

123 Main St, Happyville, OK, 98765

**SPLIT([Address], “, ”)(3)**

**Result:**

**98765**

# Split Function

- What if you want all of the text after the City?

**Address**

123 Main St, Happyville, OK, 98765

```
SPLIT([Address], "Happyville, ")(1)
```

**Result:**

**OK, 98765**

# Replace Function

- Replace part of a string with another string
- REPLACE([FIELD\_NAME]), "FIND", "REPLACE WITH", START, COUNT)

**Address**

Happyville OK 98765

to:

**Address**

Happyville, OK 98765

# Replace Function

**Address**

Happyville OK 98765

**REPLACE([Address], “ ”, “, “)**

**Result:**

**Happyville, OK, 98765**

**REPLACE([Address], “ ”, “, “, 1, 1)**

**Result:**

**Happyville, OK 98765**

# Combine Functions

- Think about the order in which functions need to happen
- Examples
  - Replace and add text
  - Left and Split



# Combine Functions (Example 1)

- How do you get from:

**Address**

321 State Ave Happyville

**to:**

**Address**

321 State Ave, Happyville OK 98765

# Combine Functions (Example 1)

- Need to add a comma
- Need to add State and Zip Code

Address

321 State Ave Happyville

`REPLACE([Address], " Happyville", ", Happyville") & " OK 98765"`

Result:

**321 State Ave, Happyville OK 98765**

# Combine Functions (Example 2)

- How do you get from:

**Address**

100 Main St Happyville 987651010

to:

**Zip\_Code**

98765

# Combine Functions (Example 2)

- Need to extract a portion of the string

Address

100 Main St Happyville 987651010

`LEFT(SPLIT([Address], "Happyville ")(1), 5)`

Result:

**987651010**

# Helpful Resources

- Esri Help Topics
  - Calculate Field examples
  - Supported SQL functions in ArcGIS Server
- URLs
  - <http://www.smallsql.de/doc/sqlsyntax.html>
  - <http://geonet.esri.com>

# Questions?

*Thank you!*